

# Table Tennis CANADA TENNIS de TABLE

## CLUB UMPIRE EXAMINATION

### "NOTES TO CANDIDATES"

#### READ BEFORE TURNING TO THE NEXT PAGE

- a. This is an open book Written Test. You may use any reference books in answering the questions, but not have the assistance of another person. You are reminded to read all questions carefully and to answer all questions the proper way.
- b. This Written Test has a two-hour time limit.
- c. Answers must be done solely by you. After completion, your Written test must be given to the instructor for marking.
- d. Answers must be entered on the answer sheet that is provided as a separate attachment. (multiple-choice questions – place a letter in the space) or ("True" or "False" questions). Mark a "T" or "F"
- e. The pass mark of this Written Test is **75%**.
- f. The answers should be in accordance with the most recent ITTF "Laws of Table Tennis" (Chapter Two)

## PART 1

For the following questions, please show by encircling T for TRUE, or F for FALSE, whether the statement made in each case is right or wrong.

1. The table surface:
  - a. is 76cm (2 ft. 6 in.) above the floor; T F
  - b. is 137cm (4 ft. 6 in.) wide; T F
  - c. is 274cm (9 ft.) in length; T F
  - d. must be uniformly dark coloured and matt; T F
  - e. has a 2cm white line at each edge. T F
2. The net:
  - a. at its upper edge along its whole length is 15.25cm (6 in.) above the surface of the table; T F
  - b. is 152.5cm (5 ft.) long; T F
  - c. may be suspended by a wire. T F
3. The ball:
  - a. must be made of celluloid or similar plastics; T F
  - b. may be made of any reasonable weight. T F
4. A racket blade with no rubber covering is illegal for striking the ball. T F
5. Where rubber is used on the racket, it shall be any uniformly dark color, and matt. T F
6. Assuming the server has not notified the umpire of any physical disability, from the last moment that the ball is stationary on the palm of the free hand until the ball is struck, in a good service:
  - a. Service shall start with the ball resting freely on the open palm of the server's stationary free hand. T F
  - b. the ball or the racket may be dropped below the level of the surface of the table; T F
  - c. the ball may roll on to the base of the fingers before being thrown up; T F
  - d. the server shall project the ball by hand only and without imparting spin, so that it rises at least 14cm after leaving the palm of the free hand; T F
  - e. the ball must be behind the end line of the playing surface, or an imaginary extension of that line, from the start of service until he/she strikes the ball; T F
  - f. the ball in service can be thrown upwards at a 45 degree angle. T F

7. In a good service:
- a. the ball must be struck as it rises from the free hand. T F
  - b. in a doubles game the ball may bounce on the centre line, pass over the net without touching it and bounce on the centre line of the opponent's half of the table. T F
8. A return from a wide angled shot lands on the opponent's top side of the table. It is "good" if:
- a. it passed around the side of the net assembly; T F
  - b. it passed under the projection of the net beyond the table; T F
  - c. it passed through a gap between the net and the supporting point. T F
9. A return off the wrist of the racket hand is not "good". T F
10. A rally is a let if:
- a. in service the ball touches the net and then is obstructed by the receiver or his/her partner; T F
  - b. the receiver claims he was not ready after failing in his attempt to make a good return of service. T F
  - c. a wheelchair player in receiving a service, the ball leaves the table by the sidelines, after touching the receiver's half of the table. T F
11. If I win the toss, I may choose any of the following:
- a. to make my opponent serve first; T F
  - b. to make my opponent change ends; T F
  - c. to make my opponent choose first; T F
  - d. to elect to serve first, after which my opponent may choose to change ends. T F
12. In doubles:
- a. the pair who serve first in the first game may decide which of their opponents is to receive first; T F
  - b. in the second game, the first server must be the player who received first in the first game; T F
  - c. as soon as one pair reaches the score of 5 in the last possible game of a match, the order of serving and receiving must be changed by changing the server. T F
13. If a mistake is discovered in the order of serving or receiving in doubles:
- a. the points scored before the discovery still stand; T F
  - b. the order is restored to what it would have been had there been no mistake. T F

14. When the Expedite System is in operation:
- a. each player serves one service in turn; T F
  - b. the receiver wins the point if he makes 12 good returns, counting the return of services as number one. T F
15. The umpire may interrupt play to warn or penalize a player. T F

## PART 2

**For the following questions, please show by encircling A, B, C or D, what action, if any, should be taken in each case.**

1. Alan serves first and wins the first two points. He serves a third time and Bill's return goes into the net before the umpire realizes that the wrong player has served. Alan then tells the umpire he served out of turn by mistake.
  - a. No action.
  - b. Let.
  - c. Point to Alan.
  - d. Point to Bill.
2. Bill throws the ball up in order to serve, but decides that it is too awkward to hit satisfactorily. He, therefore, catches it and prepares to serve again.
  - a. No action.
  - b. Let.
  - c. Point to Alan.
  - d. Point to Bill.
3. Alan serves, right-handed and Bill makes a good return. Meanwhile, Alan has transferred the racket to his left hand, and plays the next return left-handed.
  - a. No action.
  - b. Let.
  - c. Point to Alan.
  - d. Point to Bill.
4. During a rally Alan drops his racket but returns the ball by striking the ball with the flat palm of his hand in which he had been holding the racket.
  - a. No action.
  - b. Let.

- c. Point to Alan.
- d. Point to Bill.

5. Bill strikes the ball with his racket which slips out of his hand, slides across the table and hits the net post. This so distracts Alan that he fails to make a good return of the ball which has bounced correctly in his court.
  - a. No action.
  - b. Let.
  - c. Point to Alan.
  - d. Point to Bill.
  
6. During a play, Alan trips over the umpire's chair and consequently fails to make a good return.
  - a. No action.
  - b. Let.
  - c. Point to Alan.
  - d. Point to Bill.
  
7. During a play, a ball from a neighboring table rolls between Bill's feet, but both players continue to make good returns.
  - a. No action.
  - b. Let.
  - c. Point to Alan.
  - d. Point to Bill.